STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY (An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 Together with Independent Auditor's Report



STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY (An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

July 1, 2015

To the Human Services, Health and Education Committee of the County Legislature of the County of Steuben, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Steuben County Health Care Facility, (an enterprise fund of the County of Steuben, New York) (the Facility), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Facility, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County disposed of and transferred operations of the Facility on July 1, 2014. A special item has been recognized for the year ending December 31, 2014 in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

County Transactions

As described in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Steuben County Health Care Facility enterprise fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the County of Steuben, New York, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY

(An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013		
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS: Assets whose use is limited Resident accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental transfer receivable Other receivables Inventory	\$ 7,048,665 76,131 - 41,320	\$ - 2,383,512 2,898,630 49,493 35,547
Total current assets	7,166,116	5,367,182
NONCURRENT ASSETS: Resident funds held in trust Amounts due from third-party payors, net Capital assets, net	578,193 	21,544 524,421 15,258,862
Total noncurrent assets	578,193	15,804,827
Total assets	\$ 7,744,309	\$ 21,172,009
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Cash overdraft - due to county Current portion of bonds payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued compensated absences Accrued workers compensation payable Current portion of accrued postemployment benefit obligation Accrued interest payable	\$ - 12,830,000 92,886 - 1,132,276 43,289 199,134	\$ 6,256,623 900,700 840,180 352,632 909,515 436,739 212,634
Total current liabilities	14,297,585	9,909,023
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: Bonds payable, net of current portion Resident funds held in trust Accrued postemployment benefit obligation, net of current portion Estimated arbitrage liability	2,136,833 	12,837,700 21,544 1,755,797 73,287
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,136,833	14,688,328
Total liabilities	16,434,418	24,597,351
NET POSITION: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		1,307,828 (4,733,170)
Total net position	(8,690,109)	(3,425,342)
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 7,744,309	\$ 21,172,009

STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY

(An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
OPERATING REVENUES: Net resident service revenue Intergovernmental transfer payments Outpatient service revenue Adjustment of prior years' revenue, net Other operating revenue	\$ 5,249,455 2,635,709 33 47,998 35,502	\$ 10,218,706 2,898,630 69,042 81,035 45,589
Total operating revenues	 7,968,697	 13,313,002
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other Depreciation Indirect county costs Provision for bad debts New York State assessment	 2,425,120 1,857,570 2,598,847 399,899 268,142 655,760 324,769	 5,313,168 3,640,791 3,227,734 824,153 441,072
Total operating expenses	 8,530,107	 14,059,130
Operating loss	 (561,410)	 (746,128)
NONOPERATING EXPENSES: Interest expense	 (553,382)	 (588,649)
Total nonoperating expenses	 (553,382)	 (588,649)
LOSS BEFORE COUNTY SUBSIDIES	(1,114,792)	(1,334,777)
COUNTY SUBSIDIES OF INDIRECT COSTS	 268,142	 441,072
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE SPECIAL ITEM	(846,650)	(893,705)
SPECIAL ITEM - LOSS ON SALE OF FACILITY, net	(4,418,117)	-
NET POSITION - beginning of year	 (3,425,342)	 (2,531,637)
NET POSITION - end of year	\$ (8,690,109)	\$ (3,425,342)

STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY (An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash received for services provided	\$	13,784,869	\$	13,518,062
Cash received paid to suppliers		(4,620,476)		(4,055,171)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees		(4,498,262)		(8,446,765)
Net cash flow from operating activities		4,666,131		1,016,126
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net repayments of cash overdraft - due to county		(6,256,623)		-
Net proceeds from cash overdraft - due to county		-		22,338
County subsidies of indirect costs		268,142		441,072
Net cash flow from non-capital financing activities		(5,988,481)		463,410
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Cash proceeds from sale of facility		9,848,075		-
Repayment of bonds payable		(908,400)		(865,700)
Interest paid		(566,882)		(601,625)
Purchases of capital assets		(1,778)		(12,211)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing activities		8,371,015		(1,479,536)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Assets whose use is limited		(7,048,665)		
Net cash flow from investing activities		(7,048,665)		
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - beginning of year		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - end of year	\$		\$	
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Loss from operations	\$	(561,410)	\$	(746,128)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations	Ψ	(001,110)	Ψ	(7.10,120)
to net cash flow from operating activities:				
Depreciation		399,899		824,153
Provision for bad debt		655,760		-
Changes in:		555,155		
Resident accounts receivable, net		2,307,381		1,412,426
Intergovernmental transfer receivable		2,898,630		(1,306,461)
Other receivables		8,173		19,364
Inventory		(25,664)		, <u> </u>
Due from third-party payors		(53,772)		229,731
Estimated arbitrage liability		(73,287)		· -
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(747,294)		225,847
Accrued compensated absences		(352,632)		(119,118)
Unearned revenue		-		(150,000)
Accrued workers compensation payable		222,761		246,539
Accrued postemployment benefit obligation		(12,414)		379,773
Net cash flow from operating activities	\$	4,666,131	\$	1,016,126

STEUBEN COUNTY HEALTH CARE FACILITY (An Enterprise Fund of the County of Steuben, New York)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

1. ORGANIZATION

Steuben County Health Care Facility (the Facility) is a public, 105-bed skilled nursing facility. The Facility is owned by, operated as, and presented as an enterprise fund of the County of Steuben, New York (the County), a political sub-division of the State of New York, through July 1, 2014. An enterprise fund is a proprietary type fund that uses the accrual basis of accounting and is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation), of providing goods or services are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

On July 1, 2014, the Facility was sold to Centers for Specialty Care Group, LLC (Centers), an unrelated party, for \$10,750,000. As part of the sale, the Facility transferred substantially all of its capital assets, inventory, and resident funds to Centers resulting in a net loss on sale of Facility of \$4,418,117. The Facility's operating revenue and expenses through July 1, 2014 is presented on the statements of revenue, expenses, and change in net position. Fund activity subsequent to July 1, 2014 primarily consisted of cash receipts for services rendered prior to the sale of the Facility and payment of liabilities that resulted from operating activities prior to the sale date.

The financial statements present only the Steuben County Health Care Facility Fund (the Fund) and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the County of Steuben, New York, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net position, or its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The Fund's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for proprietary funds.

Basis of Presentation

GASB requires the classification of net position into three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- Net invested in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds. For the year ended December 31, 2014, net position invested in capital assets was reduced to zero as a result of the sale of the facility. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the Facility had \$13,951,034 recorded as a reduction of its net position.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of amounts which have external
 constraints placed on its use imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants),
 grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed
 by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2014 and
 2013, the Facility had no restricted net position.
- Unrestricted This component of net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, it was the Facility's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

Assets Whose Use is Limited

Assets whose use is limited include cash on hand, bank demand deposit accounts, money market accounts, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less that has been set aside to redeem the Fund's outstanding bonds. On October 27, 2014, the County passed a resolution to use all available cash to redeem the bonds subsequent to year end.

The Fund's assets whose use is limited are included in bank accounts with those of the County which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. As a fund of the County, the Facility's cash balances are covered by depository insurance at year-end or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent. All cash is held by the County (Note 10) and monies are transferred based on the Facility's need. The Fund has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Fund's statements of revenue, expenses, and change in net position distinguish between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Facility's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of services provided, administrative expenses, and deprecation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Resident Accounts Receivable and Revenue

The Facility provided services to residents under agreements with third-party payors (primarily Medicare and Medicaid), whereby it was reimbursed under provisions of their respective reimbursement formulas. Final determination of the amounts earned is subject to review by third-party payors or their agents. Net resident service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from residents, Medicaid, Medicare, and other third-party payors for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews and appeals. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews, and appeals. It is not possible to determine the extent of additional liability (or receivable) resulting from governmental audits conducted in subsequent years.

Resident accounts receivable are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts for which no payments have been received for several months are considered delinquent. The Fund records an allowance for doubtful accounts in anticipation of future write-offs. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the Facility's historical collection experience and a review of outstanding accounts.

Laws and regulations governing reimbursement are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term.

Inventory

Inventory consisted of dietary, medical, office and maintenance supplies. Inventory was stated at the lower of cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis or market. As of the year ended December 31, 2014, the balance in inventory was reduced to zero as a result of the sale of the Facility.

Capital Assets

Capital assets were stated at cost if purchased or at fair market value at date of donation. Major renewals and betterments greater than \$500 were capitalized at cost, while replacements and maintenance and repairs which did not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets were expensed. Depreciation and amortization was provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as established by the American Hospital Association, ranging from five (5) to forty (40) years.

Maintenance and repairs were expensed as incurred. The cost of capital assets retired or otherwise disposed of and their related accumulated depreciation were removed from the accounts.

Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of all tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years. The Fund's policy was to record as a liability the estimated amount owed. The Facility's arbitrage liability was reviewed by a third-party during 2014 and it was determined that the liability is zero as of December 31, 2014. The Facility estimated arbitrage liability was approximately \$73,000 at December 31, 2013.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Resident Funds Held in Trust

The Fund acted as a custodian for resident funds. The funds were expended at the direction of the residents for personal items. Transactions involving receipt and disbursement of resident funds are not included in the operating results of the Fund.

Income Taxes

The Fund is an enterprise fund of the County and is consequently exempt from Federal and state income taxes.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Accruals for compensated absences such as vacation were recorded when vested and earned by the employees and payment was not dependent upon a future event. The accrual was recorded based on employees' rates of pay as of year-end. There are no accrued compensated absences as of December 31, 2014. The amount recorded as of December 31, 2013 included all payroll related liabilities.

County Cost Allocation

The County incurred the costs of certain overhead services for the benefit of the Facility. The value of these services is allocated to the Facility based upon the County's Cost Allocation Plan. These costs are included in operating expenses on the statements of revenue, expenses, and change in net position and are detailed in Note 10.

Risk Management

The Facility is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; and employee health, dental, and accident benefits. The Facility participates in the County's commercial and self-insurance programs as discussed in Note 11. The County's settled claims have not exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Pronouncements

As of January 1, 2014, the Facility implemented GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This statement clarifies and improves accounting and financial reporting for a disposal and transfer of operations. This impact resulting from implementation of this guidance is explained in Note 1 of the financial statements.

3. RESIDENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Resident accounts receivable consisted of the following at December 31:

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Resident accounts receivable Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	76,131 <u>-</u>	\$ 3,263,551 (880,039)
	<u>\$</u>	76,131	\$ 2,383,512

4. NET RESIDENT SERVICE REVENUE

Concentrations

For the year ended December 31, 2014, aggregate revenue from the Medicaid and Medicare programs accounted for approximately 75% and 13%, respectively, of net resident service revenue. For the year ended December 31, 2013, aggregate revenue from the Medicaid and Medicare programs accounted for approximately 69% and 14%, respectively, of net resident service revenue.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, aggregate accounts receivable due from Medicaid and Medicare programs accounted for all of gross accounts receivable. For the year ended December 31, 2013, aggregate accounts receivable due from Medicaid and Medicare programs accounted for approximately 29% of gross accounts receivable.

Intergovernmental Transfers

County-sponsored nursing homes in New York State receive additional Medicaid reimbursement known as Intergovernmental Transfer payments (IGT). Payments for this program are funded principally with local and federal funds. This provision results in a statewide rate enhancement to non-state operated public residential health care facilities for services provided. When estimable, IGT revenue was recorded when the Facility was entitled to receive it; otherwise, it was recorded on a cash basis. The Facility recorded IGT revenue for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 of \$2,635,709 and \$2,898,630, respectively.

New York State Cash Receipts Assessment

In April 2002, the State of New York approved a 6% assessment on nursing facilities' cash receipts, with the exception of Medicare cash receipts, to provide funding for workforce recruitment and retention awards authorized pursuant to Chapter 1 and subsequently amended by Chapter 82 of the Laws of 2002. Effective April 2012, the State of New York implemented an assessment decrease on nursing facilities' cash receipts from 7.2% to 7.0% and effective November 2012 this assessment further decreased to 6.8%.

A significant portion of this assessment was reimbursed to the Facility, at varying rates depending on payer, and is included in net resident service revenue.

Adjustment of Prior Years' Revenue, Net

Net resident service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts from residents, Medicaid, Medicare, and other third-party payors for services rendered and includes estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews, and appeals. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and such amounts are adjusted in future periods as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to audits, reviews, or appeals. For 2014 and 2013, adjustments to previously recognized Medicaid revenue amounted to approximately \$48,000 and \$81,000, respectively.

These amounts are included in adjustment of prior years' revenue, net in the statements of revenue, expenses, and change in net position.

5. GOVERNMENTAL PAYERS

Estimated Third-Party Settlements

The Facility has recorded an estimated net receivable due from third-party payors of \$578,193 and \$524,421 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, primarily for amounts due from Medicaid for projected increases in the Medicaid reimbursement rates resulting from the filing of a base year cost report, Medicaid reimbursement system overhaul, as well cash receipts assessment reconciliations. It is at least reasonably possible that the amount recorded will differ materially from the actual amount to be paid in the near term.

The U.S. healthcare industry has become the subject of increased scrutiny by both federal and state governmental payers with respect to reimbursements providers have received for service provisions. Specific areas for review by the governmental payers and their investigative personnel include appropriate billing practices, reimbursement maximization strategies, technical regulatory compliance, etc. The stated purpose for these reviews is to recover reimbursements which the payers believe may have been inappropriate. While no outstanding regulatory inquiries exist at December 31, 2014 and 2013 for the Facility that in the opinion of management would be material to its financial position or results of operations, compliance with these laws and regulations is subject to future interpretation, or actions.

Medicaid and Medicare reimbursed rates are subject to audit and retroactive rate adjustments by the New York State Department of Health (DOH) and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). Estimated third-party settlements are included in the financial statements based upon the information available at year end. However, as described above, it is at least reasonably possible that those estimates will change during 2015 and future years as more information becomes available. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near-term.

The Facility is required to prepare and file various reports of actual and allowable costs annually. Provisions have been made in the financial statements for prior and current years' estimated final settlements. The difference between the amount provided and the actual final settlement is recorded as an adjustment of prior years' revenue in the year the final settlement is determined.

Regulatory Environment

The Facility is responsible to report to various third-parties/regulators, including the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the New York State Department of Health (DOH), the New York State Office of Attorney General and the Internal Revenue Service.

Each of these third-parties has the ability to conduct audits, reviews, surveys and/or other investigations related to financial, operating and compliance matters. The Facility is subject to operational and compliance surveys by the DOH on a regular basis.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	\$ 10,130,094	\$ -	\$ (10,130,094)	\$ -	\$ -
Fixed equipment	7,109,696	-	(7,109,696)	-	-
Land improvements	1,060,280	-	(1,060,280)	-	-
Moveable equipment	1,834,665	1,778	(1,836,443)		
Total depreciable capital assets	20,134,735	<u>1,778</u>	<u>(20,136,513</u>)		
Total constal consta	00 404 705	4 770	(00 400 540)		
Total capital assets	20,134,735	<u>1,778</u>	<u>(20,136,513</u>)		
Less: Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	1,397,800	126,905	(1,524,705)	-	-
Fixed equipment	2,181,794	190,169	(2,371,963)	-	-
Land improvements	233,835	21,062	(254,897)	-	-
Moveable equipment	1,062,444	61,763	(1,124,207)		
	4,875,873	399,899	(5,275,772)	_	
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 15,258,862</u>	<u>\$ (398,121)</u>	<u>\$ (14,860,741)</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		ncreases	D	ecreases	Tı	ansfers		Ending Balance
		Balarioc	-	norcascs	<u> </u>	<u>corcases</u>		<u>unorero</u>		Balarioc
Depreciable capital assets:										
Buildings	\$	10,130,094	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,130,094
Fixed equipment		7,109,696		-		-		-		7,109,696
Land improvements		1,060,280		-		-		-		1,060,280
Moveable equipment	_	1,845,526		12,211		(23,072)		<u>-</u>	_	1,834,665
Total depreciable capital assets	_	20,145,596		12,211		(23,072)		<u>-</u>	_	20,134,735
Total capital assets	_	20,145,596		12,211		(23,072)		<u> </u>		20,134,735
Less: Accumulated depreciation:										
Buildings		1,143,654		254,146		-		-		1,397,800
Fixed equipment		1,791,269		390,525		-		-		2,181,794
Land improvements		190,683		43,152		-		-		233,835
Moveable equipment		949,186		136,330		(23,072)		<u>-</u>		1,062,444
	_	4,074,792		824,153		(23,072)	-	<u> </u>	_	4,875,873
Capital assets, net	\$	16,070,804	\$	(811,942)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	15,258,862

Depreciation expense was \$399,899 and \$824,153 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

7. BONDS PAYABLE

In 2004 the Facility received authorization from the New York State Department of Health to construct a new health care facility. On August 15, 2005, the County, on behalf of the Facility, issued \$19,710,000 public improvement serial bonds to finance the construction of the new facility. The Facility's bonds payable consist of Public Improvement Serial Bonds, payable in annual principal installments through August 15, 2025. Interest was payable in semi-annual installments through August 15, 2025. Interest was charged at 4% through 2019, 4.125% for the year 2020 and 4.250% for the years 2021 through 2025. Bonds payable totaled \$12,830,000 and \$13,738,400 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The bonds are general obligations of the County collateralized by all taxable real property within the County subject to ad valorem taxes to pay the bonds and interest thereon, without limitation as to the rate or amount.

On February 13, 2015, the balance of the bonds was redeemed including \$12,830,000 in principal and \$265,513 in interest.

Long-term debt relating to the Facility consisted of the following at December 31:

	Beginning Balance <u>2014</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	Long-term Portion <u>2014</u>
Public improvement serial bonds, principal and interest at rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.25% due in 2015.	<u>\$ 13,738,400</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (908,400)	<u>\$ (12,830,000)</u>	<u>\$</u>
	Beginning Balance <u>2013</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	Long-term Portion <u>2013</u>
Public improvement serial bonds, principal payable in annual installments ranging from \$865,700 to \$1,420,700 through 2025, interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.25%	<u>\$ 14,604,100</u>	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$ (865,700)</u>	\$ (900,700)	<u>\$ 12,837,700</u>

8. EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

Generally all of the Facility's employees (excluding part-time employees) participated in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (the System). The System is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the System. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transactions of the business of the System and for the custody and control of its funds. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, Governor Alfred E. Smith Office Building, Albany, New York, 12244.

8. EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Funding Policy

Membership, benefits, and employer and employee obligations to contribute are described in the NYSRSSL using the tier concept. Pension legislation established tier membership by the date a member last joined the Retirement System. They are as follows:

- Tier 1 Those persons who last became members of the System before July 1, 1973.
- Tier 2 Those persons who last became members on or after July 1, 1973, but before July 27, 1976.
- Tier 3 Generally those persons who are State correction officers who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, and all others who last became members on or after July 27, 1976, but before September 1, 1983.
- Tier 4 Generally, except for correction officers, those persons who last became members on or after September 1, 1983.
- Tier 5 Those persons who last became members of the System on or after January 1, 2010
- Tier 6 Those persons who last became members of the System on or after April 1, 2012.

The Facility's employees were among all of the six Tiers and employees in Tier 3, 4, 5, and 6 are required to contribute at least 3% of their wages to the System. For employees in Tier 3 and 4, the 3% contribution ceases after 10 years of membership or 10 years of credited service.

The System is noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the System after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the System more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For employees who joined after January 1, 2010, employees in the System contribute 3% of their salary throughout their active membership. The Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Employees who join on or after April 1, 2012 will contribute 3% of their reportable salary. Beginning April 1, 2013, the contribution rate for Tier 6 members will vary based on each member's annual compensation varying between 3-6%.

The System cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be reduced for future membership only by an act of the New York State Legislature. The Facility's contributions for the years 2014, 2013 and 2012 were equal to the required contributions for the plan fiscal year as follows:

<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		
\$	434,500	\$	941,800	\$	942,300

Effective May 14, 2003, the System requires a minimum employer contribution of 4.5% annually of the System's fund value at April 1 of the previous fiscal year.

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Funding Policy

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County also provides certain health care benefits for retired employees, their dependents and certain survivors. Substantially all of the County's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. The Fund was liable for its allocated share of all health insurance expenses for Facility retirees.

The County (and Fund) currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis, with the possibility of pre-funding additional benefits if so determined and directed by the County. Third-party administrative costs are included in the calculated premium and allocated to the Facility based on enrollment. Internal County costs of administering the Plan are paid by the County.

Plan Description

The County provides continuation of medical insurance coverage to employees who retire under the System at the same time they end their service to the County. The plan is a single employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan). Based on collective bargaining agreements, the retiree may receive coverage paid in part by the County and the retiree's spouse my retain coverage through the County plan at the spouse's own expense. If elected at the time of retirement, this may be a lifetime benefit for both the retiree and spouse.

Healthcare benefits for non-union employees are similar to those of union employees. The retirees' share of the calculated premium costs ranges from 50% to 100%, depending on the retirement date and length of service. In most instances, actual medical claims paid on behalf of retirees are self-funded by the County. The number of employees covered under the plan as of January 1, 2014 was 173. The Plan does not currently issue a stand-alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions and the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The plan is currently not funded.

The Facility incurred a net decrease in these benefits of approximately \$43,000 and a net increase in these benefits of approximately \$380,000 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Facility's Plan

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuari Value (of Liability (AAL)	Unfunded	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll <u>(c)</u>	UAAL as a% of Covered Payroll (b-a)/(c)
1/1/2014	\$	- \$ 516,988	\$ 516,988	0.0%	N/A	N/A
1/1/2013	\$	- \$ 4,326,048	\$ 4,326,048	0.0%	\$ 5,451,169	79%
1/1/2012	\$	- \$ 4,322,368	\$ 4,322,368	0.0%	\$ 5,823,405	74%

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expense is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of generally accepted accounting principles. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year plus the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the Fund's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the Facility's net OPEB obligation at December 31:

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Normal cost Amortization of UAAL (past service costs) Interest	\$	9,901 11,653 396	\$	222,680 225,112 8,907
Annual required contribution Interest on OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC		21,950 87,701 (90,822)	_	456,699 72,511 (75,091)
Annual OPEB cost	<u>\$</u>	18,829	\$	454,119
The following table reconciles the Facility's OPEB obligation	n at E	December 31:		
		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year Annual OPEB expense	\$	2,192,536 18,829	\$	1,812,763 454,119

The following table provides trend information for the Plan:

Annual Facility OPEB contributions

Net OPEB obligation at end of year

Annual <u>Year Ended</u> <u>OPEB Cost</u>			Actual Employer ontribution	Percent Contributed	Net OPEB Cost Obligation		
2014 2013	\$ \$	18,829 454,119	\$ \$	31,243 74,346	165.9% 16.4%	\$ \$	2,180,122 2,192,536
2012	\$	426,061	\$	54,086	12.7%	\$	1,812,763

(31,243)

\$ 2,180,122

(74,346)

\$ 2,192,536

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs (if any) between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with long-term perspective of calculations.

In the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following methods and assumptions were used:

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Discount rate* 4.0%

Medical care cost trend rate 10.8% initially, based on age of employees and

type of plan chosen. The rate is reduced by decrements each year to an ultimate rate of

4.2%.

Dental care cost trend rate Ultimate rate of 5.0%.

Unfunded actuarial accrued liability:

Amortization period 30 years

Amortization method Level percentage of pay

Amortization basis Open

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Facility's cash is combined and deposited with the County's and invested in accordance with the provisions of applicable New York State (the State) statutes. At December 31, 2013 the Facility had a cash overdraft of \$6,256,623. All cash is held by the County and monies are transferred based on the Facility's need.

The County also has its own written investment policy. The County deposits cash into a number of bank accounts. Monies must be deposited in demand or time accounts or certificates of deposit issued by FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of the State. In accordance with existing policies, repurchase agreements are only entered into with banks or trust companies located within the State or with registered and primary reporting dealers in government securities. Underlying securities for repurchase transactions must be only obligations fully insured and guaranteed by the federal government.

Collateral is required for deposits and certificates of deposit in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

^{*} As the plan is unfunded, reference to the general assets, which are short-term in nature, was considered in the selection of the 4.0%.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Cash recorded by the Facility is combined with cash recorded by the County in determining amounts covered by Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name. The County Treasurer is responsible for ensuring the deposits are properly collateralized. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the County has reported that its deposits were adequately collateralized.

The County incurs the cost of certain services for the benefit of the Facility. Accordingly, the amounts are reflected as costs of the Facility with a subsidy from the County to cover the related costs. These costs are as follows for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Clerk of the Board, purchasing, risk management and accounting departments Data processing Personnel County Treasurer County Administrator	\$ 74,506 81,816 41,960 45,854 24,006	\$ 97,564 144,414 79,796 72,527 46,771
	\$ 268,142	\$ 441,072

The County made no additional cash contributions to the Facility in either 2014 or 2013.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Self-Insurance

The County has elected to be self-insured for workers' compensation, health insurance and other miscellaneous insurance policies as described below. Expenses and liabilities for claims are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The County bears responsibility for the liability and it is their policy to charge the Facility for its share of such claims when paid.

Workers Compensation

The County has elected to be self-insured for workers' compensation claims and accounts for this activity in an internal service fund. Other local municipalities, towns and villages within the County, are permitted to participate in the self-insured workers' compensation plan, and are joint and severally liable for their share of the plan's claims. Expenses recognized by the Facility during 2014 and 2013 for claims were \$541,139 and \$565,151, respectively. The County also carries excess claims coverage totaling \$650,000 and \$750,000 per occurrence in 2014 and 2013, respectively. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Facility accrued a liability of \$1,132,276 and \$909,515, respectively, for workers' compensation claims arising from incidents which had occurred through those dates, but were not yet paid. This liability is included on the accompanying balance sheets.

Other Insurance

The County has also elected to be self-insured for general liability, malpractice, and automobile insurance. There are no expenses or accruals for claims related to the Facility during 2014 and 2013.